# **IURON**

## IU-ODN-CAB-ADSS-048-120-2KM

## DESCRIPTION

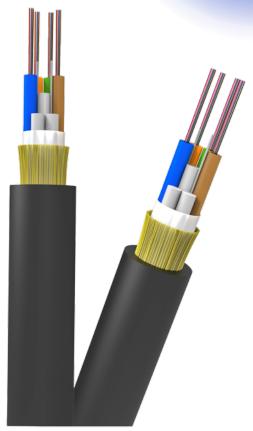
The fibers are positioned in a loose tube made of a high modulus plastic. The tubes insdie are filled with a water-resistant filling compound protect fiber .

The tube is wrapped with a layer of Kevlar. Between the kevlar yarn and the loose tube water-blocking material is applied to keep the cable compact and watertight. The cable is completed with a polyethylene (PE) sheath.



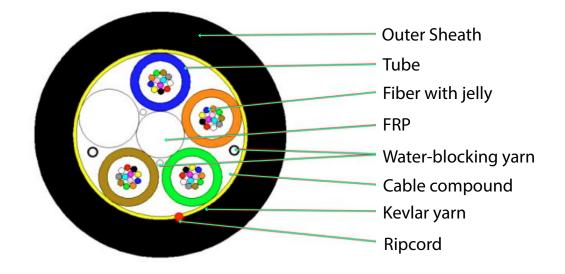
The actual status of overhead power lines ,covers the general requirements of single jacket ADSS dielectric Cable for aerial or duct or underground duct.







- ✓ FRP central strength member
- ✓ Tube filling gel
- ⊘Loose tube stranded
- ⊘ PE sheath outdoor cable
- ✓ Kevlar make cable more tensile



### CABLE CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

Number of fiber	48 core		
Moisture Barrier	Water blocking system		
	Material	PBT	
Loose tube and Filler elements	Thickness	0.35 mm ± 0.05 mm	
	Diameter	$\Phi 2.5 \text{ mm} \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$	
Central strength member	Material	FRP	
	Thickness	2.0 mm ± 0.1 mm	
Strength member	Material	Kevlar yarn	
Outer sheath	Material	PE	
	Thickness	$1.6 \text{ mm} \pm 0.1 \text{ mm}$	
	Diameter	10.5±0.4mm	



Tube Number	1	2	3	4		
	Blue	Orange	Green	Brown		
	1	2	3	4	5	6
Number of fiber	Blue	Orange	Green	Brown	Grey	White
per tube 12 cores	7	8	9	10	11	12
•	Red	Black	Yellow	Violet	Pink	Aqua

### CABLE MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTIC

Core	Cable diameter	Weight
48	10.5±0.4mm	108 ± 10 KG
Min Bending Radius(mm)	Long term 10D	
Min Bending Radius(mm)	Short term	20D
Anti water	Water blocking yarn & water blocking tape	2 pcs
Max allowable Tensile Strength (N)	Long term	1500
Max allowable	Short term 3000	
Max. Allowable Crush Load	Long term 500	
Min. Allowable Crush Load (N/100mm)	Short term 1500	
Operation temperature (°C)	-40+70	
Installation temperature (°C)	-15+60	
Storage temperature (°C)	-40+70	

#### BARE FIBER CHARACTERISTIC

Characteristic	Condition	Specified values	Units
Attenuation	1310nm	$\leq 0.34 \leq 0.36$ after cable	[dB/km]
	1550nm	≤0.20 ≤0.25 after cable	[dB/km]
	1383nm after H2-aging	≤0.34	[dB/km]
	1625nm	≤0.24	[dB/km]
Attenuation vs. Wavelength Max.a difference	1285-1330nm, in reference to 1310nm	≤0.03	[dB/km]
	1525-1575nm, in reference to 1550nm	≤0.02	[dB/km]
<b>Dispersion Coefficient</b>	1285-1340nm	-3.5 to 3.5	[ps/(nm.km)]
	1550nm	≤18	[ps/(nm.km)]
	1625nm	≤22	[ps/(nm.km)]
Zero Dispersion Wavelength(λ0)		1300-1324	[nm]
Zero Dispersion Slope(S0)		≤0.092	[ps/(nm2.km)]
Typical Value		0.086	[ps/(nm2.km)]
* •		≤0.1	
PMD		≤0.06	
		0.04	
Cable Cutoff Wavelength ( $\lambda cc$ )		≤1260	[nm]
Mode Field Diameter (MFD)	1310nm	8.7-9.5	[nm]
	1550nm	9.8-10.8	[nm]
Effective Group Index Refraction (Neff)	1310nm	1.466	
	1550nm	1.467	
Point Discontinuities	1310nm	≤0.05	[dB]
	1550nm	≤0.05	[dB]

Geometrical Characteristics			
		125 0 10 7	[·]
Cladding Diameter		125.0±0.7	[µm]
Cladding Non-Circularity		≤1.0	[%]
Coating Diameter		235-250	[µm]
Coating-Cladding Concentricity Error		≤12.0	[µm]
Coating Non-Circularity		≤6.0	[%]
Core-Cladding Concentricity Error		≤0.6	[µm]
Curl(radius)		≥4	[m]
<b>Environmental Characteristics</b>	1310nm,1550nm&1625nm		
Temperature Dependence Induced Attenuation	-60°C to +85°C	≤0.05	[dB/km]
Temperature-Humidity Cycling Induced Attenuation	-10°C to +85°C, 98% RH	≤0.05	[dB/km]
Water Immersion Dependence induced Attenuation	23°C, for 30 days	≤0.05	[dB/km]
Damp Heat Dependence Induced Attenuation	85°C and 85% RH, for 30 days	≤0.05	[dB/km]
Dry Heat Aging	85°C for 30 days	≤0.05	[dB/km]
Mechanical Specifications			
Proof Test		≥9.0	[N]
		≥1.0	[%]
		≥100	[Kpsi]
Macro-bend Induced Loss	1625nm	≤0.05	[dB]
	1310nm and 1550nm	≤0.05	[dB]
	1550nm	≤0.05	[dB]
Coating Strip Force	typical average force	1.5	[N]
	peak force	1.3-8.9	[N]
Dynamic Fatigue Parameter(nd)		≥20	